

**PRODUCT KEY FACTS**  
**BOCHK Wealth Creation Series –**  
**BOCHK All Weather China Income Fund**

April 2025

**Issuer: BOCHK Asset Management Limited 中銀香港資產管理有限公司**

- *This statement provides you with key information about BOCHK All Weather China Income Fund.*
- *This statement is a part of the offering document.*
- *You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.*

## Quick facts

<b>Manager:</b>	BOCHK Asset Management Limited 中銀香港資產管理有限公司
<b>Trustee:</b>	BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited 中銀國際英國保誠信託有限公司
<b>Custodian:</b>	Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited 中國銀行（香港）有限公司
<b>Dealing frequency:</b>	Daily
<b>Base currency:</b>	HKD
<b>Dividend policy:</b>	Class A1 (HKD), Class A2 (USD), Class A3 (RMB), Class A4 (AUD-H), Class A5 (NZD-H), Class A6 (CAD-H), Class A7 (GBP-H), Class A8 (RMB-H), Class A9 (EUR-H), Class A10 (SGD-H), Class A11 (JPY-H), Class A12 (CHF-H) and Class A13 (USD-H): declared and paid on a monthly basis (subject to the Manager's discretion). Dividends may be paid out of the capital or effectively out of capital <sup>#</sup> of the relevant Class. Payment of dividends out of capital or effectively out of capital may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value of the relevant Class. Class C1 (HKD), Class C2 (USD), Class C3 (RMB), Class C4 (RMB-H) and Class C5 (USD-H): Currently no distribution.

<sup>#</sup> The Manager may at its discretion pay dividend out of gross income while charging/paying all or part of the Sub-Fund's fees and expenses to/out of the capital of the Sub-Fund (resulting in an increase in distributable income for the payment of dividends by the Sub-Fund), and thereby effectively pay distributions out of capital of the Sub-Fund.

**Ongoing charges over a year:**

Class A1 (HKD):	2.56%*
Class A2 (USD):	2.56%*
Class A3 (RMB):	2.56%**
Class A4 (AUD-H):	2.56%**
Class A5 (NZD-H):	2.56%**
Class A6 (CAD-H):	2.56%**
Class A7 (GBP-H):	2.56%**
Class A8 (RMB-H):	2.56%*
Class A9 (EUR-H):	2.56%**
Class A10 (SGD-H):	2.56%**
Class A11 (JPY-H):	2.56%**
Class A12 (CHF-H):	2.56%**
Class A13 (USD-H):	2.56%**
Class C1 (HKD):	2.56%**
Class C2 (USD):	2.56%**
Class C3 (RMB):	2.56%**
Class C4 (RMB-H):	2.56%**
Class C5 (USD-H):	2.56%**

\* The ongoing charges figure is based on the annualised ongoing expenses of the respective class for the 6-month period ending 31 December 2024, expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the relevant class for the corresponding period. This figure may vary from year to year.

\*\* These figures are the Manager's best estimate of the expenses and the average net asset value of the respective classes over a 12-month period based on information available on other classes already launched with a similar fee structure, as these classes are newly established or had no asset under management during part or all of the corresponding period. The actual figures may be different upon actual operation of the classes and may vary from year to year.

**Financial year end of this fund:**

30 June

**Min. investment:**

Class	Minimum Subscription Amount	Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount
Class A1 (HKD)	HKD10,000	HKD10,000
Class A2 (USD)	USD1,000	USD1,000
Class A3 (RMB)	RMB10,000	RMB10,000
Class A4 (AUD-H)	AUD1,000	AUD1,000
Class A5 (NZD-H)	NZD2,000	NZD2,000
Class A6 (CAD-H)	CAD1,000	CAD1,000
Class A7 (GBP-H)	GBP1,000	GBP1,000
Class A8 (RMB-H)	RMB10,000	RMB10,000
Class A9 (EUR-H)	EUR1,000	EUR1,000
Class A10 (SGD-H)	SGD1,000	SGD1,000
Class A11 (JPY-H)	JPY100,000	JPY100,000
Class A12 (CHF-H)	CHF1,000	CHF1,000
Class A13 (USD-H)	USD1,000	USD1,000
Class C1 (HKD)	HKD10,000	HKD10,000
Class C2 (USD)	USD1,000	USD1,000
Class C3 (RMB)	RMB10,000	RMB10,000
Class C4 (RMB-H)	RMB10,000	RMB10,000
Class C5 (USD-H)	USD1,000	USD1,000

## What is this product?

BOCHK All Weather China Income Fund (the “**Sub-Fund**”) is a sub-fund of BOCHK Wealth Creation Series which is an umbrella unit trust governed by the laws of Hong Kong.

## Objective and Investment Strategy

### Objective

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide income and capital growth over the medium and longer term primarily through active asset allocation in a portfolio of fixed income securities and equity securities in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau markets.

### Investment Strategy

The Sub-Fund aims to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 70% of its latest available Net Asset Value in (i) equity securities of companies that are listed in or that are issued by companies which are domiciled in or derive substantial revenue from or have significant business or economic activities in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau, and/or (ii) fixed income securities including bonds, convertible bonds, notes and other fixed or floating rate securities issued by governments, government agencies, supra-nationals, banks or companies which are domiciled in or derive substantial revenue from or have significant business or economic activities in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau. These investments may be denominated in various currencies, including RMB. The Sub-Fund will not aim to focus its investments on any single country or region, specific industries or sectors, or market capitalisation. The asset allocation depends on the Manager’s assessment at different times.

The Sub-Fund does not have a specific requirement on the credit ratings of the underlying fixed income securities and may invest in investment grade, non-investment grade and unrated fixed income securities. For offshore fixed income securities, “**investment grade**” means a rating of BBB- or above from Standard & Poor’s, Baa3 or above from Moody’s or an equivalent rating from any internationally recognized credit rating agency, and if both the fixed income securities and the relevant issuer are not rated, then the fixed income securities will be classified as unrated. While these credit ratings provided by the relevant rating agencies serve as a point of reference, the Manager will conduct its own assessment on the credit quality based on various factors. In selecting unrated offshore fixed income securities and for Mainland China fixed income securities, the Manager will apply its internal credit rating to determine the credit quality.

Further, the Sub-Fund will not invest more than 10% of its latest available Net Asset Value in securities issued by or guaranteed by any single sovereign that is rated non-investment grade and/or unrated (including its government, public or local authority).

The Sub-Fund may gain exposure to equity securities and debt securities through available means, including but not limited to direct investment through the Manager’s QFI status, China interbank bond market, the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (“**Stock Connects**”) or such other means as permitted by the relevant regulatory authorities from time to time. Further, the Sub-Fund may also obtain indirect exposure to securities through other collective investment schemes, and in particular for China A-Shares or Mainland China debt securities, through funds that are authorised by the SFC and eligible to directly invest in the Mainland China market through Qualified Foreign Investor (“**QFI funds**”). The Sub-Fund’s total (direct and indirect) exposure to China A-Shares, China B-Shares and Mainland China debt securities will be less than 30% of the Sub-Fund’s Net Asset Value.

The Sub-Fund will invest, in aggregate, less than 30 % of its latest available Net Asset Value in investment funds (or collective investment schemes), exchange traded funds (“**ETFs**”), real estate investment trusts (“**REITs**”), American Depositary Receipts (“**ADRs**”) and other assets. The Sub-Fund may invest in synthetic ETFs (i.e. ETFs that track an index by investing primarily in derivative instruments).

The Sub-Fund may invest, in aggregate, less than 30% of its latest available Net Asset Value in (i) urban investment bonds (i.e. debt instruments issued by local government financing vehicles (“**LGFVs**”)), and (ii) collateralised and/or securitised products (such as asset backed securities or mortgage backed securities). These LGFVs are separate legal entities established by local governments and/or their affiliates to raise financing for local development, public welfare investment and infrastructure projects.

The Sub-Fund will enter into financial derivative instruments for hedging purposes. The Sub-Fund may also invest less than 10% of its latest available Net Asset Value in participatory notes (“**P-notes**”), which are freely transferable securities issued by banks or broker-dealers that are designed to replicate the performance of certain issuers and markets by giving exposure to the performance of specific stocks or bonds that the Sub-Fund may not be able to invest in directly because of local holding restrictions affecting such stocks or bonds in the jurisdiction of their issue. Save as disclosed above, the Sub-Fund will not invest in any other derivative instruments for investment purposes.

The Manager will not engage in Securities Financing Transactions on behalf of the Sub-Fund. Prior approval will be sought from the SFC and not less than 1 month’s notice will be given to affected Unitholders if there is a change in such practice.

## Use of derivatives

The Sub-Fund’s net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of Sub-Fund’s latest available net asset value.

## What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the offering document for details including the risk factors.

### Market risk

- The Sub-Fund is an investment fund. The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal or dividend or distribution payments.

### Concentration risk

- The Sub-Fund focuses its investments in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau and its portfolio of investments may not be diversified compared to other broad-based funds. It may be subject to additional concentration risk. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more volatile than that of a fund having a more diversified portfolio of assets.
- The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting the Mainland of China, Hong Kong and Macau markets.

### Currency risk

- Underlying investments of the Sub-Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund. Also, a Class may be designated in a currency other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund. The Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund may be affected unfavourably by fluctuations in the exchange rates between these currencies and the base currency and by changes in exchange rate controls.

### Equity investment/volatility risk

- Equity investment is subject to general market risks that the market value of the stocks may go down as well as up. Prices of equity securities may be volatile, due to various factors such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions, and issuer-specific factors. If the market value of equity securities in which the Sub-Fund invests in goes down, investors may suffer substantial losses.

### Small-capitalisation/mid-capitalisation companies risk

- The stock of small-capitalisation/mid-capitalisation companies may have lower liquidity and their prices are more volatile to adverse economic developments than those of larger capitalisation companies in general.

### Risks relating to debt securities

- Credit risk: Investment in debt securities is subject to the credit/default risk of the issuers of the debt securities that the Sub-Fund may invest in, which may be unable or unwilling to make timely payments on principal and/or interest.
- Interest rate risk: Debt securities are sensitive to changes in interest rates and subject to interest rate risk. Generally, the prices of debt securities rise when interest rates fall, vice versa. Longer term debt securities are usually more sensitive to interest rate changes.
- Volatility and liquidity risk concerning debt securities in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau: The debt securities in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau may be subject to higher volatility and lower liquidity compared to more developed markets. The price of securities traded in such markets may be subject to fluctuations. The bid and offer spreads of the price of such securities may be large and the Sub-Fund may incur significant trading costs.
- Downgrading risk: Investment grade securities may be subject to the risk of being downgraded. In the event of downgrading, the risks of default may be higher and the value of the Sub-Fund may be adversely affected. The Manager may or may not be able to dispose of the debt instruments that are being downgraded.
- Risks associated with debt securities rated below investment grade or unrated: The Sub-Fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or unrated. Such securities are generally subject to lower liquidity, higher volatility and greater risk of loss of principal and interest than high-rated debt securities.
- Sovereign debt risk: The Sub-Fund's investment in securities issued or guaranteed by government may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations the sovereign issuers may not be able to willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the Sub-Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.
- Valuation risk: Valuation of the Sub-Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the Net Asset Value calculation of the Sub-Fund.
- Risk related to credit ratings: Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at all times.

### Risks of investing convertible bonds

- Convertible bonds are a hybrid between debt and equity, permitting holders to convert into shares in the company issuing the bond at a specified future date. As such, convertibles will be exposed to equity movement and greater volatility than straight bond investments. Investments in convertible bonds are subject to the same interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and prepayment risk associated with comparable straight bond investments.

**RMB currency risk/Risks relating to RMB denominated securities**

- Investors may invest in RMB-hedged Units of the Sub-Fund. Non-RMB based investors (e.g. Hong Kong investors) may have to convert Hong Kong dollar or other currency(ies) into RMB when investing in RMB-hedged Units and subsequently convert the RMB redemption proceeds and/or dividend payment (if any) back to Hong Kong dollar or such other currency(ies). Investors will incur currency conversion costs and may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to Hong Kong dollar or such other currencies and by changes in exchange rate controls.
- Class denominated in RMB will generally be valued with reference to the offshore RMB (known as “CNH”) rather than the onshore RMB (known as “CNY”). While CNH and CNY represent the same currency, they are traded in different and separate markets which operate independently. As such, CNH does not necessarily have the same exchange rate and may not move in the same direction as CNY. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.
- The Sub-Fund may have exposure to securities that are denominated in RMB. RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency and is subject to foreign exchange controls and repatriation restrictions imposed by the Chinese government. There is no guarantee that RMB will not depreciate. The Sub-Fund may suffer losses in case of depreciation of RMB. Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

**“Dim Sum” bond market risks**

- The “Dim Sum” bond (i.e. bonds issued outside of Mainland China but denominated in RMB) market is still a relatively small market which is more susceptible to volatility and illiquidity. The operation of the “Dim Sum” bond market as well as new issuances could be disrupted causing a fall in the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund should there be any promulgation of new rules which limit or restrict the ability of issuers to raise RMB by way of bond issuances and/or reversal or suspension of the liberalization of the offshore RMB (CNH) market by the relevant regulator(s).

**Mainland China market risk**

- The Sub-Fund may be subject to the risks of investing in the Mainland China market.

**Emerging Market risk**

- The Sub-fund invests in emerging markets which may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility.

**Risks relating to dynamic asset allocation strategy**

- The dynamic asset allocation of the Sub-Fund may not achieve the desired results under all circumstances and market conditions.
- The investments of the Sub-Fund may be periodically rebalanced and therefore the Sub-Fund may incur greater transaction costs than a Sub-Fund with static allocation strategy.

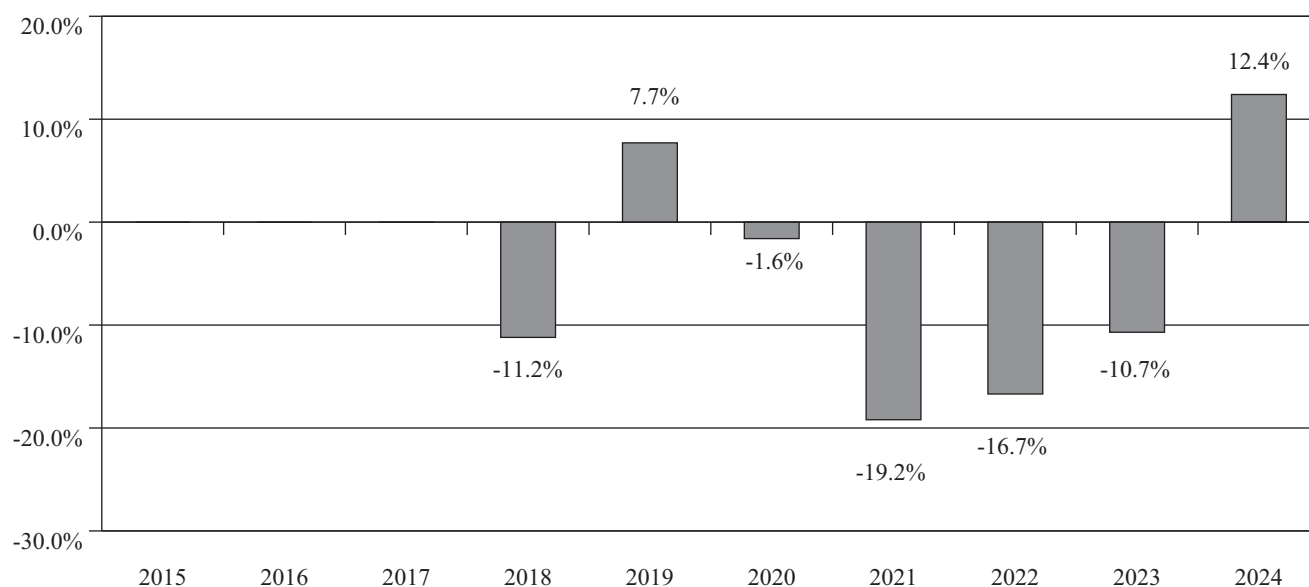
**Risks associated with distribution out of capital**

- If payment of dividends is made out of capital or effectively out of capital, it represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount the investors originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to the original investment. Any distributions involving payment of dividends out of the Sub-Fund’s capital or effectively out of the Sub-Fund’s capital will result in an immediate reduction in the Net Asset Value of the relevant Class of Units.

**Risks relating to hedging and the hedged classes**

- There can be no assurance that any currency hedging strategy employed by the Manager will fully and effectively eliminate the currency exposure of the Sub-Fund.
- Hedging strategies may preclude investors from benefiting from an increase in the value of the Sub-Fund’s base currency.

## How has the Sub-Fund performed?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class A1 (HKD) increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in HKD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Sub-Fund launch date: 2017
- Class A1 (HKD) launch date: 2017
- The Manager views Class A1 (HKD), being the retail unit class denominated in the Sub- Fund's base currency, as the most appropriate representative unit class.

## Is there any guarantee?

The Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

## What are the fees and charges?

### Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund.

Fee	What you pay
Subscription fee (Preliminary charge) (% of Issue Price)	Up to 5.25%
Switching fee (% of Issue Price of the new class)	Up to 5.25%
Redemption fee (% of Redemption Price)	Nil*

### Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following fees will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

#### Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value)

Management fee	1.50%*
Trustee fee	Up to 0.125%, subject to a minimum monthly fee of HKD20,000*
Custody fees	Up to 0.3%
Performance fee	Not applicable

The fee rates set out in this section are applicable to classes of Units on page 1 of this statement.

\* The fees and charges may also be increased up to the maximum level as specified in the offering document by giving at least one month's prior notice to investors. Please refer to the offering document for further details.

### Other fees

You may have to pay other fees and charges when dealing in the Sub-Fund.

## **Additional Information**

- You generally buy and redeem units at the Sub-Fund's next-determined subscription price and redemption price with reference to the net asset value after the Authorised Distributors, the Manager or the Trustee receive your request in good order on or before 5 pm (HK Time), being the dealing cut-off time. Authorised Distributors may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors.
- The net asset value of the Sub-Fund is calculated and the price of units is published on each Business Day.
- For further information on the past performance of other unit classes offered to Hong Kong investors, please refer to [www.bochkam.com](http://www.bochkam.com). Please note that the aforesaid website has not been reviewed by the SFC.
- The composition of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 months are available by the Manager on request and also on the Manager's website at [www.bochkam.com](http://www.bochkam.com). Please note that the aforesaid website has not been reviewed by the SFC.

## **Important**

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.